

Compiler Construction

Winter 2020

Recitation 1:

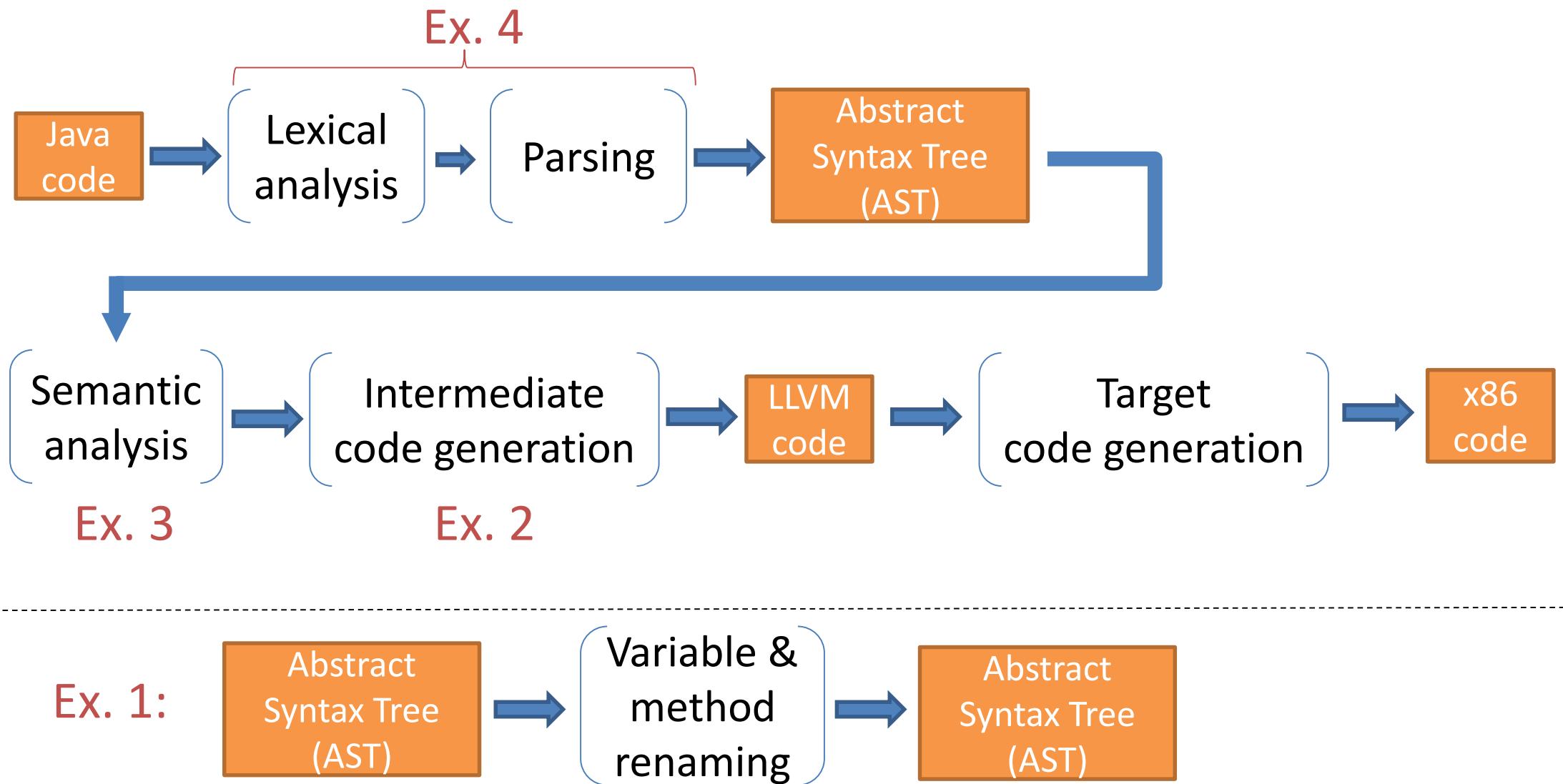
Abstract Syntax of MiniJava

Yotam Feldman

Administrative

- Course website
 - Lectures: <https://www.cs.tau.ac.il/~msagiv/courses/wcc20.html>
 - Recitations and project:
<http://www.cs.tau.ac.il/research/yotam.feldman/courses/wcc20/wcc20.html>
 - Forums in Moodle
- Grade: 50% project, 50% exam
 - 4 programming assignments
 - Assignments in groups of 3
- My reception hour: Sunday, 14-15
 - Email in advance, yotamfe1@mail.tau.ac.il
 - (**Not** @tauex)
- COVID19
 - I very much (!) appreciate you opening your webcams, but this is **not** required

Compilation Phases



MiniJava

- A subset of Java
- Many restrictions
 - See project website

Simple Example.java

```
class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] a) {  
        System.out.println(new Simple().Start(1, 2));  
    }  
  
    class Trivial {  
        int f;  
    }  
}
```

```
class Simple extends Trivial {  
    public int Start(int a, int b) {  
        int x;  
        int y;  
  
        x = a;  
        y = b + 3;  
  
        if (true) {  
            f = 0;  
        } else {  
            f = 1;  
        }  
  
        return x + y + f;  
    }  
}
```

Minijava Grammar

```

Goal ::= MainClass ( ClassDeclaration )* <EOF>

MainClass ::= "class" Identifier "{" "public" "static" "void" "main" "(" "String" "[" "]" Identifier ")" " {" Statement "}" "}"

ClassDeclaration ::= "class" Identifier ( "extends" Identifier )? " {" ( VarDeclaration )* ( MethodDeclaration )* "}"

VarDeclaration ::= Type Identifier ";" 

MethodDeclaration ::= "public" Type Identifier "(" ( Type Identifier ( "," Type Identifier )* )? ")" " {" ( VarDeclaration )* ( Statement )* "return" Expression ";" "}"

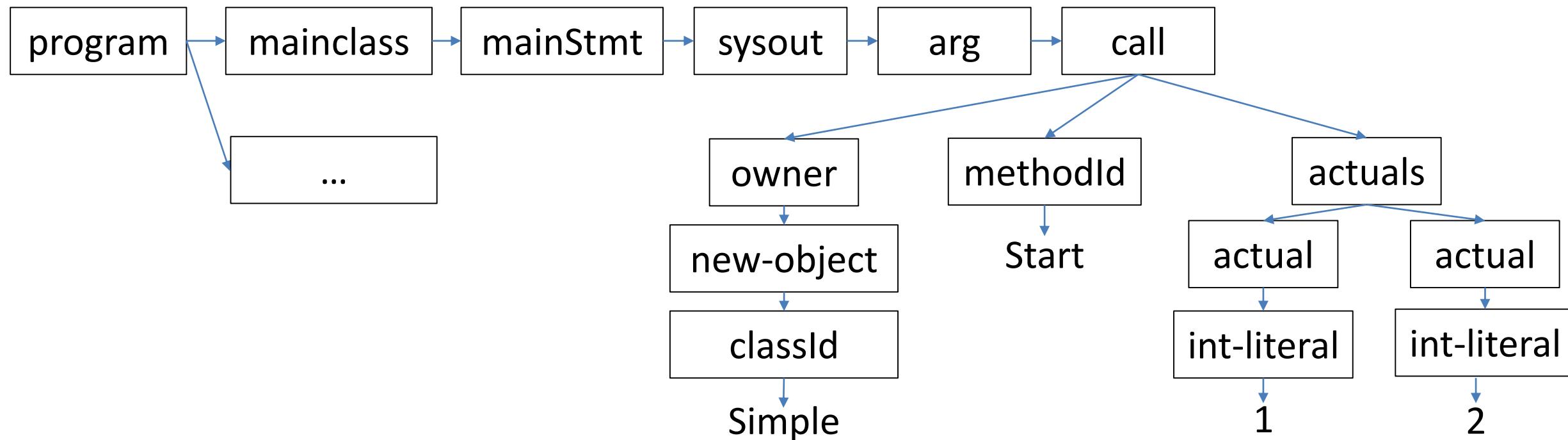
Type ::= "int" "[" "]"
      | "boolean"
      | "int"
      | Identifier

Statement ::= " {" ( Statement )* "}"
            | "if" "(" Expression ")" Statement "else" Statement
            | "while" "(" Expression ")" Statement
            | "System.out.println" "(" Expression ")" ";" ;
            | Identifier "==" Expression ";" ;
            | Identifier "[" Expression "]" "==" Expression ";" ;

Expression ::= Expression ( "&&" | "<" | "+" | "-" | "*" ) Expression
            | Expression "[" Expression "]"
            | Expression "." "length"
            | Expression "." Identifier "(" ( Expression ( "," Expression )* )? ")" "
            | <INTEGER_LITERAL>
            | "true"

```

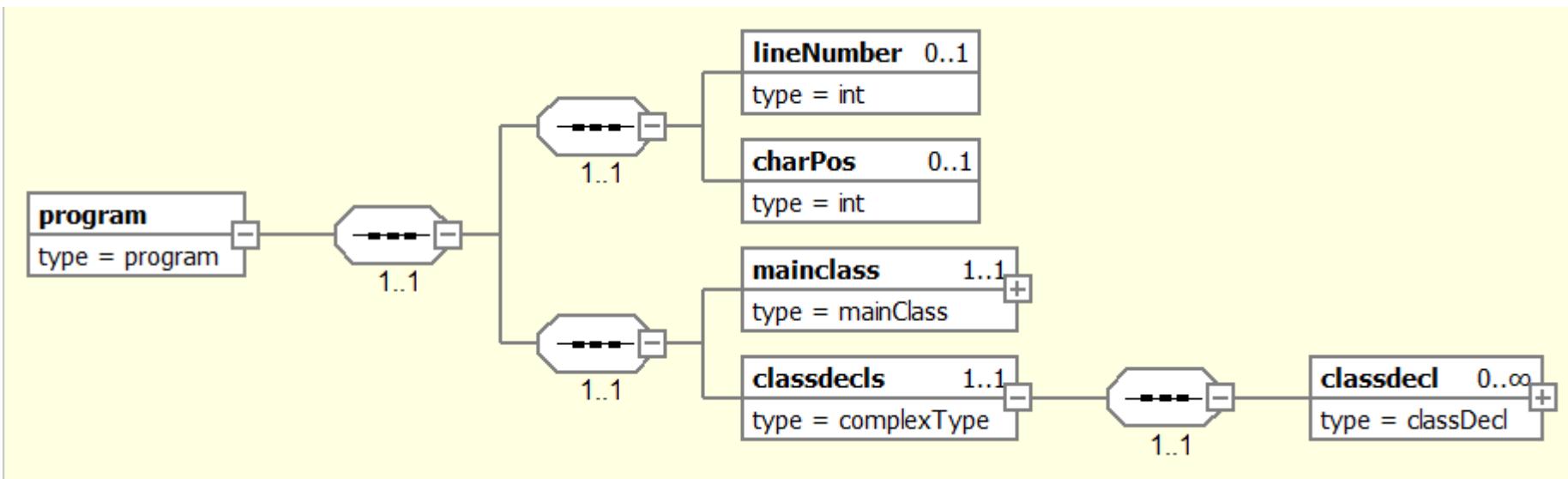
Simple Example AST (partial)



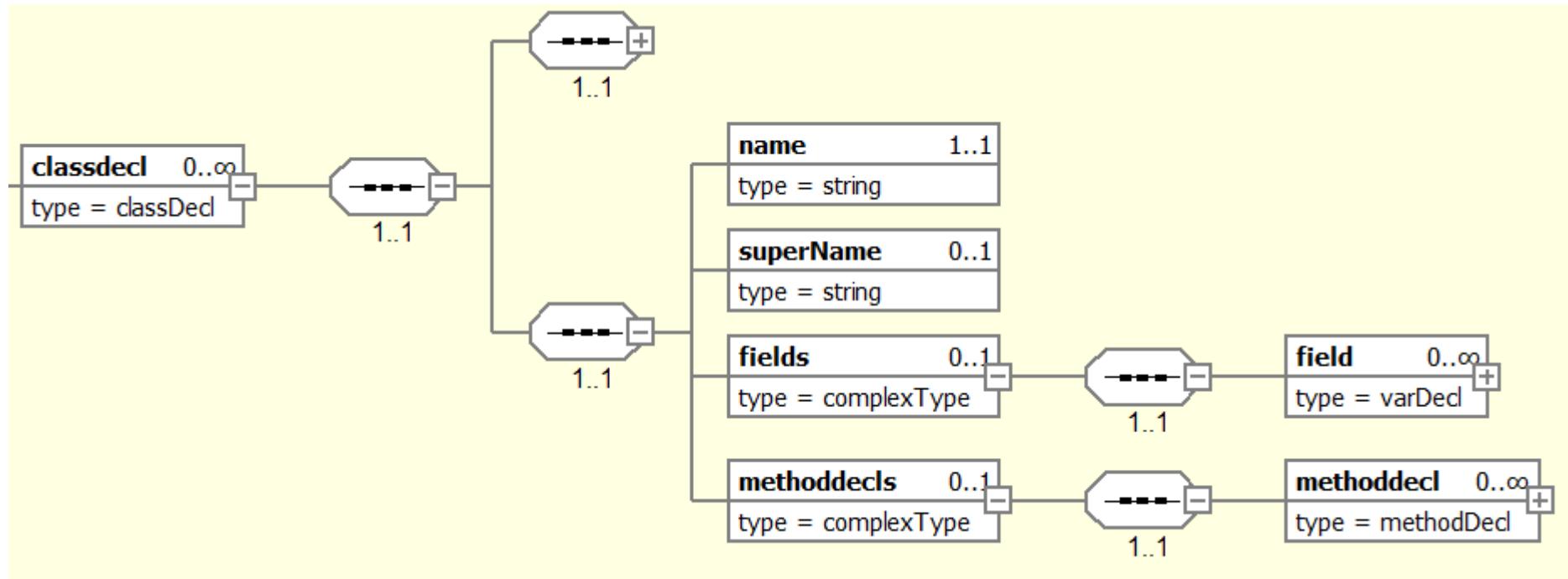
```
class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] a) {  
        System.out.println(new Simple().Start(1, 2));  
    }  
}
```

Writing MiniJava ASTs in XML

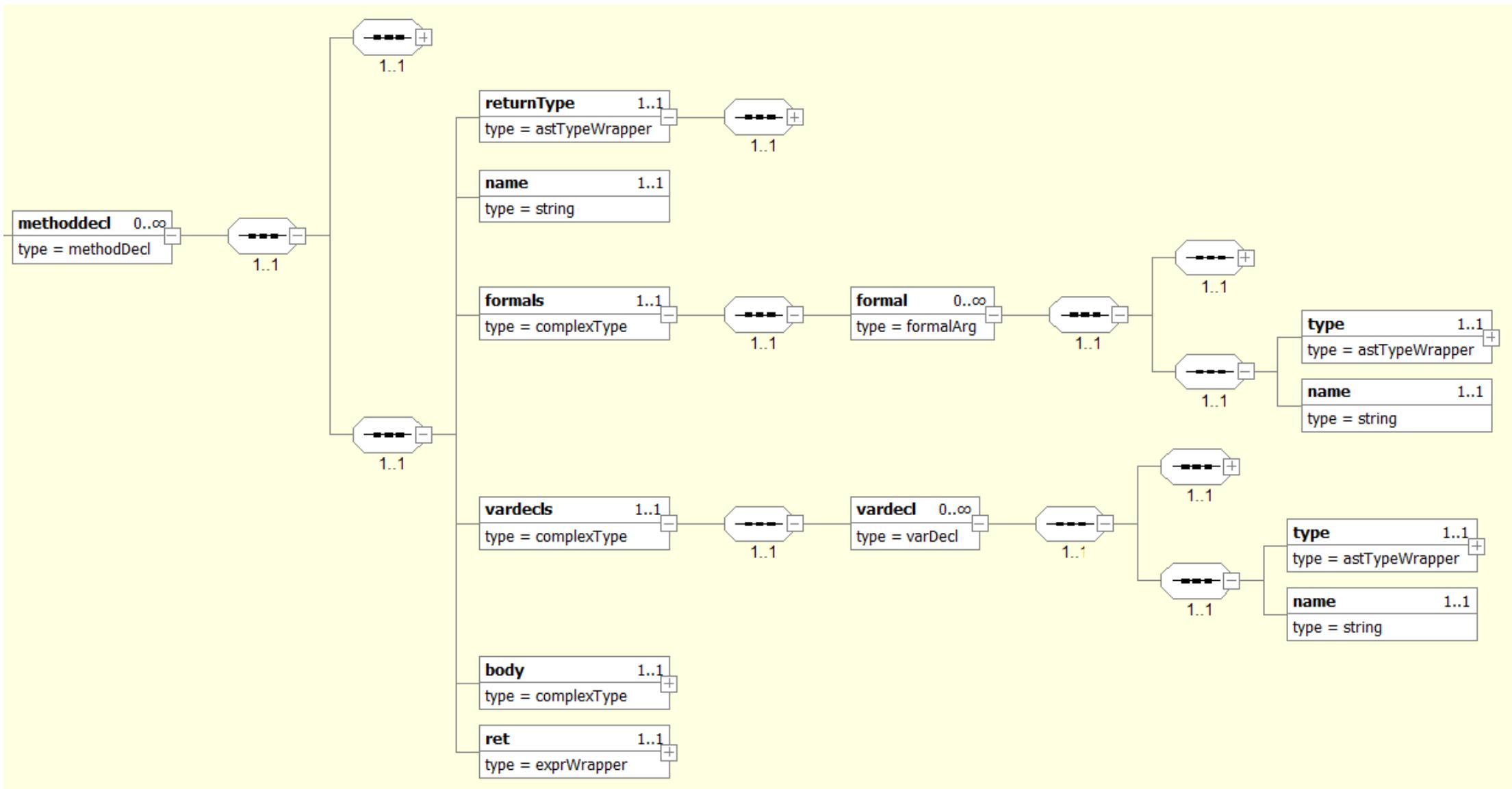
MiniJava AST



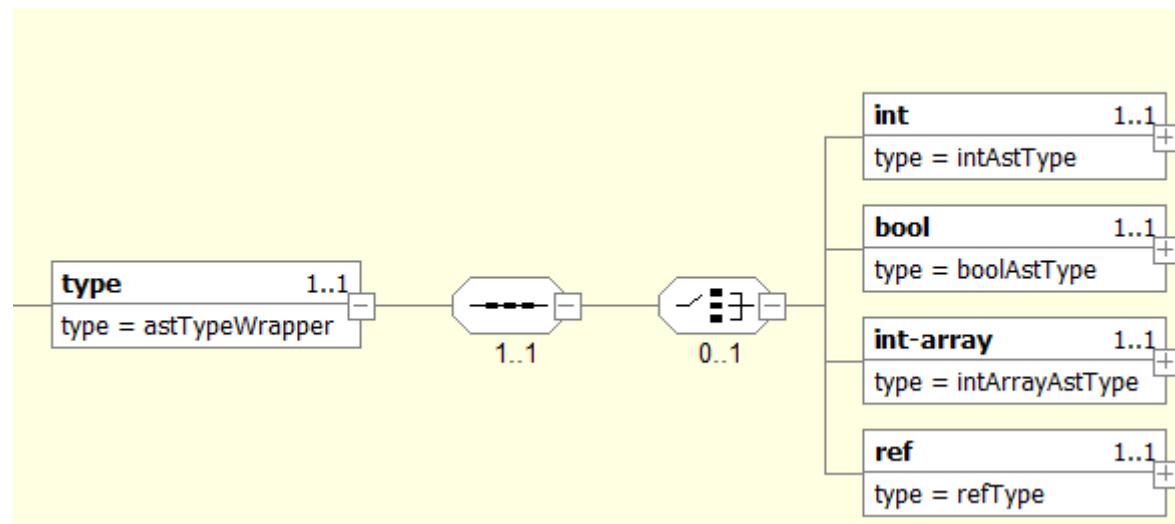
Class Declarations



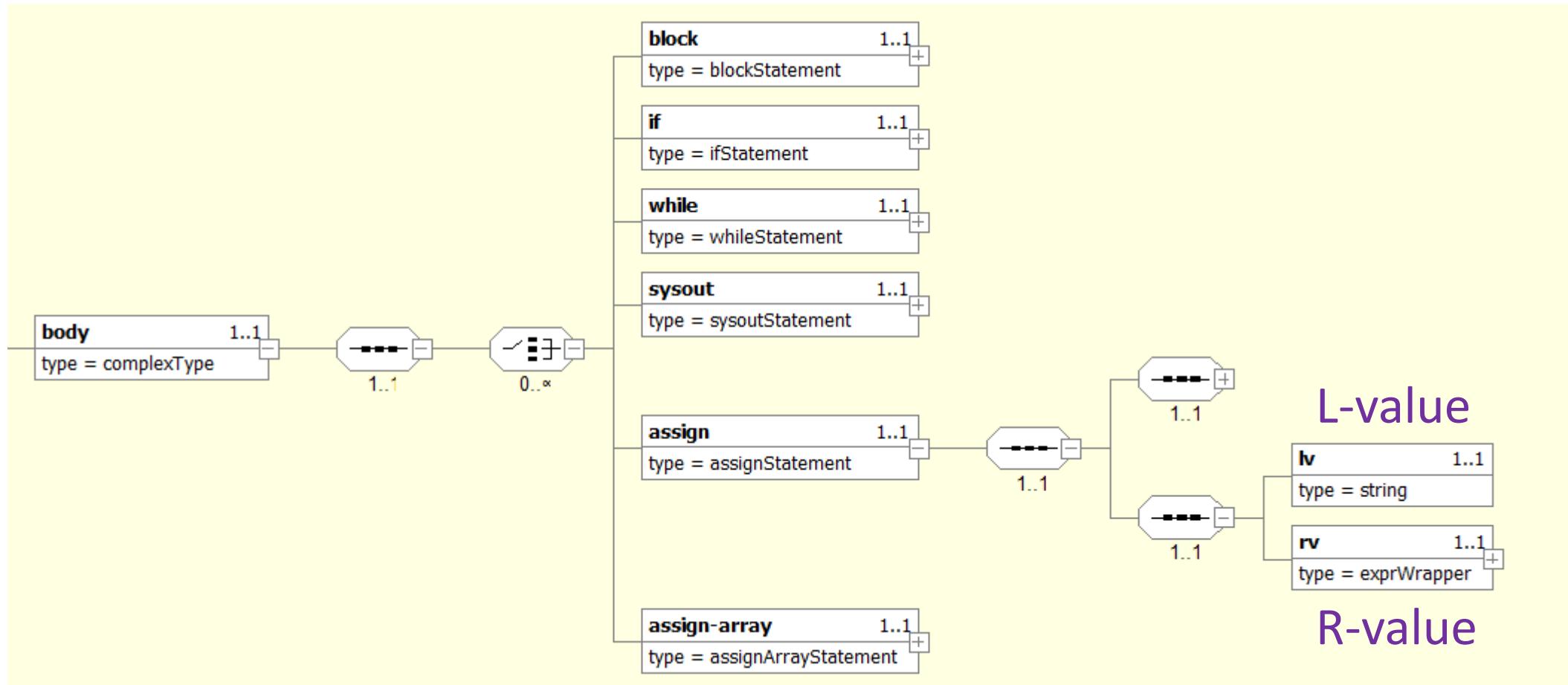
Method Declarations



Types



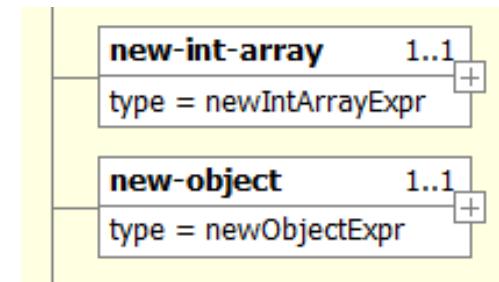
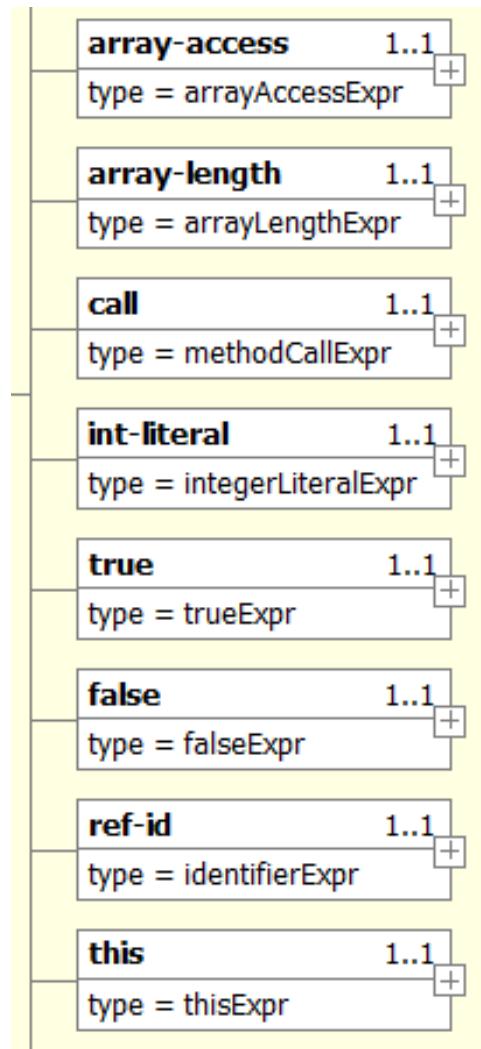
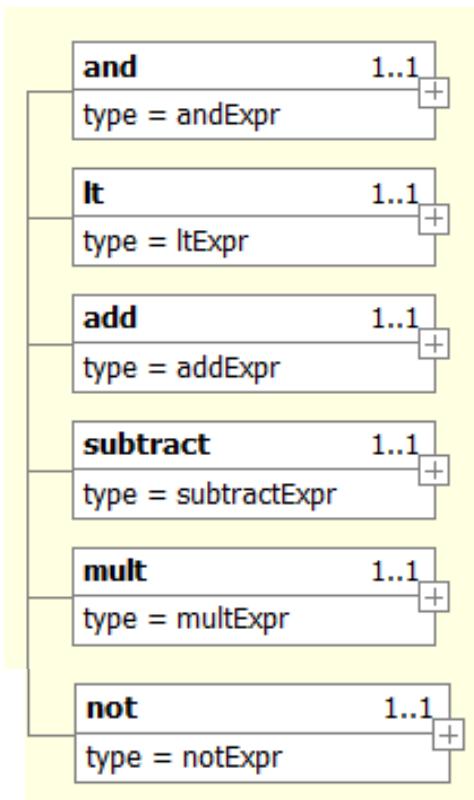
Statements



L-Values & R-Values

- `x = 3;`
- `x = y;`
- `x = new B().Start();`
- `new B().Start() = x;`
- `x.f = y;`

Expressions



Formal & Actual Parameters

- **public int Start(int a, int b)**
- **new Simple().Start(a, b)**

Writing AST XMLs

- Validate against the schema.

Summary

- MiniJava
- MiniJava AST
 - declarations
 - statements vs. expressions
 - formal vs. actual parameters
 - l-value vs. r-value
 - ...
- XML representation of ASTs